

Test Center of National Engineering Research Center of Advanced Energy Storage Materials Co., Ltd.

SDS Safety Data Sheets Report

Name of Sample : Rechargeable Lithium-Ion Battery Pack

Model/Type: 9HB180LT

Applicant: RUPES S.p.A

Via Marconi 3A, loc. Vermezzo, 20071 Vermezzo

con Zelo (MI) – Italy

Manufacturer : ShangHai BaiCheng Electric Equipment

Manufacture Co.,Ltd

#5937 HuYi RD, WaiGang Town, JiaDing District,

Shanghai P. R. China

Report No.: CESSDS230107010

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Approved by:

CES LAB

Evan 2hng



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Report No.: CESSDS230107010

According to OSHA GHS 《A Guide to The Globally Harmonized System of

Classification and Labelling of Chemicals »,IATA DGR 《Dangerous Goods

Regulations »,IMO IMDG CODE «INTERNATIONAL MARITIME Dangerous Goods

<u>CODE</u>

Section 1. Identification

Product Identifier

Product name: Rechargeable Lithium-Ion Battery Pack

Model: 9HB180LT (18V 2.5Ah 45Wh)

Other means of identification

Synonyms: none

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use: Used in Energy Storage Fields

Uses advidsed against:

- a) Do not dismantle, open or shred secondary cells or batteries.
- b) Do not expose cells or batteries to heat or fire. Avoid storage in direct sunlight.
- c) Do not short-circuit a cell or a battery. Do not store cells or batteries haphazardly in a box or drawer where they may short-circuit each other or be short-circuited by other metal objects.
- d) Do not remove a cell or battery from its original packaging until required for use.
- e) Do not subject cells or batteries to mechanical shock.
- f) In the event of a cell leaking, do not allow the liquid to come in contact with the skin or eyes. If contact has been made, wash the affected area with copious amounts of water and seek medical advice.
- g) Do not use any charger other than that specifically provided for use with the equipment.
- h) Observe the plus (+) and minus (-) marks on the cell, battery and equipment and ensure correct use.
- i) Do not use any cell or battery which is not designed for use with the equipment.
- j) Do not mix cells of different manufacture, capacity, size or type within a device.
- k) Battery usage by children should be supervised.
- I) Seek medical advice immediately if a cell or a battery has been swallowed.
- m) Always purchase the battery recommended by the device manufacturer for the equipment.
- n) Keep cells and batteries clean and dry.
- o) Wipe the cell or battery terminals with a clean dry cloth if they become dirty.
- p) Secondary cells and batteries need to be charged before use. Always use the correct charger and refer to the manufacturer's instructions or equipment manual for proper charging instructions.
- q) Do not leave a battery on prolonged charge when not in use.
- r) After extended periods of storage, it may be necessary to charge and discharge the cells or batteries several times to obtain maximum performance.
- s) Retain the original product literature for future reference.



- t) Use only the cell or battery in the application for which it was intended.
- u) When possible, remove the battery from the equipment when not in use.
- v) Dispose of properly.

Details of the Manufacturer of the safety data sheet:

Name: ShangHai BaiCheng Electric Equipment Manufacture Co.,Ltd

Address: #5937 HuYi RD, WaiGang Town, JiaDing District, Shanghai P. R. China

Telephone number of the supplier: 025-52769548

Fax: /

E-mail address: pzhou@rupes.com **Emergency telephone number**

Company Emergency Phone Number: 025-52769548

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

No harm at the normal use. If contact the Electrolyte in the Lithium-ion Battery, reference as follows:

Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to GHS

Acute Toxicity, Oral(Hazard category 4)

Acute Toxicity, Dermal(Hazard category 3)

Skin, irritate(Hazard Cagegory 1B)

Eye Irritate (Hazard category 1)

GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements:







GHS05



GHS06

Signal word: Warning **Hazard statement(s):**

H242:Heating may cause a fire; **H311:** Toxic in contact with skin;

H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage;

H302: Harmful if swallowed;

H319:Causes serious eye irritaion H351:Suspected of causing cancer

H317:May cause an allergic skin reation

precautionary statements:

Prevention:

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.



P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P261 Avoid brething dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours /spray.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response:

P312:Call a Poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P302+P350-IF ON SKIN: Gently wash with plenty of soap and water

P301+P330+P331-IF SWALLOWED: rise mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

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P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attentionP308+P313 If exposed or

concerned: Get medical advice/attention

P302+P352 if ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water

P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention

P321 Specific treatment(see....on this label)

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal

P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/national regulations

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Not Applicable

Other information

No information available.

Section 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Chemical characterization: Mixtures

Description:

Product: Consisting of the following components.

Chemical Name	Concentration%	CAS No.	EC No.
Lithium nickel dioxide	10-20	12031-65-1	/
Carbon	10~20	7440-44-0	231-153-3
Iron	10-20	7439-89-6	231-096-4
Copper	5-15	7440-50-8	231-159-6
Aluminium	1-10	7429-90-5	231-072-3
Cobalt lithium dioxide	1-5	12190-79-3	235-362-0
Dimethyl carbonate	1-10	616-38-6	210-478-4
Lithium manganese oxide	1-10	12057-17-9	231-955-3
Polyethylene	1-10	9002-88-4	/

1,3-Dioxolan-2-one	1-3	96-49-1	202-510-0
Lithium hexafluorophosphate(1-)	1-3	21324-40-3	244-334-7
Graphite	1-3	7782-42-5	231-955-3
Ethyl methyl carbonate	1-3	623-53-0	/
Nickel	0.1-0.99	7440-02-0	231-111-4
Trade secret 1	0.1-0.99	/	/
1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, dimethyl ester, polymer with 1,4-cyclohexanedimethanol and 1,2-ethaned1,4	0.1-0.99	25640-14-6	/
Polypropylene	0.1-0.99	9003-07-0	/
1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidinone	0.3-0.99	872-50-4	212-828-1
Poly[N,N'-(1,4-phenylene)-3,3',4,4'-benz ophenonetetracarboxylic imide/amic acid]	0.1-0.99	26023-21-2	/
Nickel sulphide	0.1~0.99	16812-54-7	240-841-2

Note: CAS number is Chemical Abstract Service Registry Number.

N/A=Not apply.

Section 4. First-Aid Measures

First aid measures

Eye Contact Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water, also under the eyelids. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Skin Contact Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin with soap and water. In the case of skin irritation or allergic reactions see a physician.

Inhalation Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Drink plenty of water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Swallowing Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention.

Most Important Symptoms/Effects No information available.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

Section 5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media

When the scale of the fire is small, use a HFC (hydrofluorocarbon) clean-agent fire extinguisher or alcohol resistant foam fire extinguishers. (In case of battery overheating, wear protective gear and



immerse heated battery in water)

In case of large fire, use large amount of water to extinguish.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Formation of toxic gases is possible during heating or in case of fire.

In case of fire, the following can be released:

Carbon monoxide(CO)

Carbon dioxide

Other irritating and toxic gases.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon oxides.

Explosion Data

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No

Sensitivity to Static Discharge No

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. For example: Wear self-contained respiratory protective device. Wear suitable protective clothing and eye/face protection.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

Battery may burst and release hazardus decomposition products when exposed to a fire situation. Lithium ion batteries contain flammable electrolyte that may vent, ignite and produce sparks when subjected to high temperature(>150°C), When damaged or abused(e.g. mechanical damage or electrical overcharging); may burn rapidly with flare-burning effect; may ignite other batteries in clothes proximity.

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Precautions Avoid contact with eyes.

Refer to section 8 for personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition.

Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Environmental precautions

Environmental Precautions Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust).

Dispose contaminated material as waste according to item 13.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for Containment Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods for Cleaning up Use personal protective equipment. Dam up. Cover liquid spill with sand, earth or other Non combustible absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.

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Section 7. Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling

HandlingHandle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wear personal protective equipment.

Wash thoroughly after handling. Use this material with adequate ventilation.

The product is not explosive.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

If the Lithium-ion Battery is subject to storage for such a long term as more than 3 months, it is recommended to recharge the Lithium-ion Polymer Battery periodically.

3 months: -10°C~+40°C, 45 to 85%RH

And recommended at 0° C ~+35°C for long period storage.

The capacity recovery rate in the delivery state (50% capacity of fully charged) after storage is assumed to be 80% or more.

The voltage for a long time storage shall be 3.7V~4.2V range.

Do not storage Lithium-ion Battery haphazardly in a box or drawer where they may short-circuit each other or be short-circuited by other metal objects.

Keep out of reach of children.

Do not expose Lithium-ion Polymer Battery to heat or fire. Avoid storage in direct sunlight.

Do not store together with oxidizing and acidic materials.

Keep ignition sources away- Do not smoke.

Store in cool, dry and well-ventilated place.

<u>Incompatible Products</u> None known.

Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Control parameters

Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:		
12190-79-3 Cobalt lithium dioxide		
12057-17-9 Lithium manganese oxide		
12031-65-1 Lithium nickelate		
TLV (USA)	N/A	
MAK (Germany)	N/A	

Other Exposure Guidelines Vacated limits revoked by the Court of Appeals decision in AFL-CIO v. OSHA, 965 F.2d 962(11th Cir., 1992).

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Measures Showers

Eyewash stations

Ventilation systems

Use adequate general or local exhaust ventilation to keep airborne concentrations below the permissible exposure limits. Ensure adequate ventilation.



Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment **Eye/Face Protection:**



Tightly sealed goggles

Body protection:

Protective work clothing.

Skin protection:



Protective gloves

Material of gloves:

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

Penetration time of glove material:

The exact break trough time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

Respiratory Protection No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions. If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, ventilation and evacuation may be required. **Hygiene Measures** Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State	Form: Prismatic		
	Odour: Odourless		
	Odor Threshold: No information available		
Change in condition:			
pH, with indication of the concentration		Not determined.	
Melting point/freezing point		Not determined.	
Initial boiling point and Boiling range:		Not determined.	
Flash Point		Not determined.	
Evaporation rate		Not determined.	
Flammability (solid, gas)		bility (solid, gas) Not determined.	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits		ower flammability or explosive limits Not determined.	
Vapor Pressure:		Not determined.	
Vapor Density:		Not determined.	

relative density:	Not determined.
Solubility in Water:	Not determined.
Solubility in other solvents	Not determined.
n-octanol/water partition coefficient	Not determined.
Auto-ignition temperature	Product is not self-igniting.
Decomposition temperature	Not determined.
Odout threshold	Not determined.
Evaporation rate	Not determined.
Viscosity	Not determined.
Other Information	No further relevant information available.

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7, Handling and storage).

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Thermal decomposition/conditions to be avoided: No decomposition if used according to specifications.

<u>Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:</u> None under normal processing.

<u>Hazardous Polymerization:</u> Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to avoid: Strong heating, fire, Incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids.Base metals.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon oxides, Other irritating and toxic gases.

Section 11. Toxicological Information

Acute toxicity: No data available.

LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:

Not available.

Skin corrosion/irritation: No irritant effect.

Serious eye damage/irritation: Cause serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization: No sensitizing effects known. **Specific target organ system toxicity:** No information available.

CMR effects(carcinogenetic, mutagencity and toxicity for reproduction): No information

available.

Section 12. Ecological Information



Toxicity:

Acquatic toxicity:

No further relevant information available.

Persistence and degradability: No further relevant information available.

Bioaccumulative potential: No further relevant information available.

Mobility in soil: No further relevant information available.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT: Not applicable. vPvB: Not applicable.

Other adverse effects: No information available.

Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Safe handling and methods of disposal

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements.

Product disposal recommendation: Observe local, state and federal laws and regulations.

Packaging disposal recommendation: Be aware discarded batteries may cause fire, tape the battery terminals to insulate them. Don't disassembly the battery. Completely discharge containers (no tear drops, no powder rest, scraped carefully). Containers may be recycled or re-used. Observe local, state and federal laws and regulations. The potential effects on the environment and human health of the substances used in batteries and accumulators:

the desirability of not disposing of waste batteries and accumulators as unsorted municipal waste and of participating in their separate collection so as to facilitate treatment and recycling.

Section 14. Transport Information

According to PACKING INSTRUCTION 965 ~ 967 of IATA DGR 64th Edition for transportation, the special provision 188 of IMDG (inc Amdt 40-20). The batteries should be securely packed and protected against short-circuits. Examine whether the package of the containers are integrate and tighten closed before transport. Take in a cargo of them without falling, dropping, and breakage. Prevent collapse of cargo piles. Don't put the goods together with oxidizer and chief food chemicals. The transport vehicle and ship should be cleaned and sterilized before transport. During transport, the vehicle should prevent exposure, rain and high temperature. For stopovers, the vehicle should be away from fire and heat sources. When transported by sea, the assemble place should keep away from bedroom and kitchen, and isolated from the engine room, power and fire source. Under the condition of Road Transportation, the driver should drive in accordance with regulated route, don't stop over in the residential area and congested area.

UN number

UN 3480 & UN 3481





UN Proper shipping name

LITHIUM ION BATTERIES (including lithium ion polymer batteries) or; LITHIUM ION BATTERIES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT or LITHIUM ION BATTERIES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT (including lithium ion polymer batteries)

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Transport hazard class(es)

Class 9

Packing Instruction (if applicable)

965 II/ IB, 966 II, 967 II

Marine pollutant (Yes/No)

Nο

Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code)

No information available.

Special precautions

No information available.

Section 15. Regulatory Information

OSHA hazard communication standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Hazardous V Non-hazardous

Section 16. Other Information

Preparation and revision information

Date of previous revision: Not applicable. Revision summary: The first New SDS

Abbreviations and acronyms

TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act, The American chemical inventory.

DSL: Domestic Substances List

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances

ENCS: Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

ECL: Existing Chemicals List, the Korean chemical inventory

IECSC: Inventory of existing chemical substances in China.

Disclaimer

Because all of our batteries are defined as "articles", they are exempted from the requirements of the Hazard Communication Standard. The information in this SDS is provided all the relevant data fully and truly. However, the information is provided without any warranty on their absolute extensiveness and accuracy. This SDS was prepared to provide safety preventive measures for the users who have got professional training. The personal user who obtained this SDS should make independent judgment for the applicability of this SDS under special conditions. In these special cases, we do not assume responsibility for the damage.

-- End of Report --